

subtraction.

Individually Strong, Collectively Stronger!



	Maths		Year 6			
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	
Place value	Fractions	Number	Measures	Four operations	Number	
LI: To read and write	LI: To calculate fractions of	LI: To consolidate the	LI: To understand the	LI: To add and subtract	LI: To solve problems	
numbers up to 10 million.	amounts.	column method of addition.	relationship between units	decimal numbers. E.g. 6 -	involving negative number	
I: To know what each digit	LI: To add proper fractions	LI: To consolidate the	of length and solve	7.89	in different contexts.	
epresents in numbers to	with different denominators.	column method of	problems using length.	LI: To divide numbers by 1	LI: To solve missing	
10 million.	LI: To solve worded	subtraction.	LI: To understand the	digit.	number column addition	
I: To compare and order	problems finding fractions	LI: To multiply numbers by	relationship between units	LI: To multiply using the	problems.	
umbers and explain	of amounts.	1 digit using the column	of mass and solve multi-	column method.	LI: To solve missing	
hinking.	LI: To add proper fractions	method.	step problems using mass.	LI: To use the inverse to	number column subtraction	
I: To investigate different	with different denominators.	LI: To multiply numbers by	LI: To apply knowledge to	solve addition problems.	problems.	
vays to partition numbers	LI: To find equivalent	2 digits using the column	number and worded	LI: To use the inverse to	LI: To solve add and	
ıp to ten million.	fractions using	method.	problems.	solve subtraction problems.	subtract multi-step proble	
₋l: To round any whole	multiplication facts.	LI: To consolidate written	LI: To understand the	LI: To add numbers using	involving money.	
number to the nearest 10	LI: To subtract proper	division by 1 digit.	relationship between units	the column method.	LI: To round numbers to	
nd 100.	fractions with different	LI: To consolidate written	of capacity and solve multi-	LI: To subtract numbers	the nearest 10, 100 and	
I: To round any number to	denominators.	division by 2 digits.	step problems using	using the column method.	1000.	
a given accuracy.	LI: To simplify fractions	LI: To understand how to	capacity.	LI: To multiply by 10, 100	LI: To multiply numbers b	
	using common factors.	use BODMAS to solve	LI: To multiply and divide	and 1000.	a 2-digit number.	
Addition and subtraction	LI: To subtract proper	calculations.	by 10, 100 and 1000.	LI: To divide by 10, 100	LI: To divide numbers by	
I: To solve place value	fractions with different	LI: To apply written	LI: To convert between	and 1000.	2-digit number.	
problems in different	denominators.	methods to problem	measures accurately using	LI: To use BODMAS to	LI: To solve multi-step	
contexts.	LI: To express two fractions	solving.	place value.	solve problems.	multiplication and division	
I: To use mental methods	to have the same	LI: To solve worded		LI: To fill in missing gaps in	problems.	
o solve addition and	denominator.	problems using a range of	Ratio and proportion	partitioning. E.g. 500, 894 =	LI: To calculate number	
subtraction problems.	LI: To add mixed numbers	methods.	LI: To identify and	500,000 + 800 + + 4	problems using BODMAS	
I: To solve place value	fractions with different		understand the relationship	LI: To solve squared and		
problems in different	denominators.	Fractions	between ratio and fractions.	cubed problems.	Fractions	
contexts.	LI: To compare and order	LI: To add fractions with	LI: To calculate ratios		LI: To add and subtract	
I: To round numbers	fractions.	different denominators.	accurately and solve	FDP	fractions, including mixed	
ccurately.	LI: To subtract mixed	LI: To subtract fractions	problems.	LI: To find simple	number fractions.	
I: To use mental methods	numbers fractions with	with different denominators.	LI: To understand the	percentages of amounts	LI: To find fractions of	
o solve addition problems.	different denominators.	LI: To multiply and divide	difference between ratio	(multiples of 10).	amounts, quantities and	
I: To use mental methods	LI: To convert between	fractions.	and proportion and solve	LI: To find percentages of	shapes.	
o solve subtraction	mixed number and	LI: To understand	worded problems linked to	amounts (e.g. 67%).	LI: To identify and	
roblems.	improper fractions.	equivalent fractions and	each.	LI: To find fractions of	understand fraction,	
I: To consolidate the	LI: To convert fractions into	simplify fractions.	Coometry, angles	amounts.	decimal and percentage	
vritten method of addition.	decimals and decimals into	LI: To convert fractions to	Geometry – angles	LI: To order decimal	equivalents.	
I: To solve a range of	fractions.	decimals to percentages.	LI: To identify different	numbers (e.g. 7.2, 7.02,	LI: To find percentages of	
addition word problems. LI: To consolidate the	LI: To solve fraction	LI: To order fractions,	types of angles and know	7.201, 7.003)	amounts (50%, 25%, 75%	
	problems.	decimals and percentages.	the properties of angles.		multiples of 10%).	
written method of		LI: To calculate a				

percentage of an amount.



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LI: To solve a range of subtraction word problems.

Multiplication and division

LI: To identify multiples and prime numbers using tests of divisibility.

LI: To investigate the factors of numbers.

LI: To find common factors of two or more numbers.

LI: To multiply numbers mentally by 1 digit using known facts and partitioning.

LI: To multiply by 10, 100 and 1000.

LI: To understand column method multiplication with 4 by 1 digits.

Ll: To divide by 10, 100 and 1000.

LI: To solve multiplication worded problems.

LI: To solve mixed worded problems using column methods.

LI: To divide numbers mentally using known facts.
LI: To understand short division for 4 by 1 digits.
LI: To divide 3 digit numbers by 2 digit numbers using short division.

LI: To solve mixed worded problems using all operations.

Fractions

LI: To calculate fractions of amounts and apply this to worded problems.

Decimals

LI: To read and write decimal numbers.

LI: To order decimals with up to 3 dp.

LI: To round decimals with 2d.p. to the nearest decimal place.

LI: To multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000.

LI: To use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages.

LI: To solve number problems involving decimals.

LI: To estimate to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000.

LI: To estimate to check answers to determine levels of accuracy.

LI: To solve mixed operation problems.

LI: To solve problems in different contexts.

Geometry

LI: To classify a range of triangles according to the angle and side properties.
LI: To classify a range of quadrilaterals according to their angle and side properties.

Measures

LI: To read, write and convert between units of length.

LI: To read, write and convert between units of mass and capacity.

LI: To calculate the total when given a percentage amount.

Algebra

LI: To apply an algebraic rule to a number sequence (nth term).

LI: To write formula for a calculation.

LI: To find missing values in a formula.

Measures

LI: To understand negative numbers and solve problems using negative numbers.

LI: To multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000.

LI: To convert between metric measures.

LI: To solve worded problems using knowledge of measures.

LI: To calculate differences between miles and kilometres.

LI: To convert between imperial and metric measures.

Measures

LI: To calculate the perimeter of regular and irregular shapes.
LI: To use knowledge of perimeter to solve word problems.
LI: To calculate the area

LI: To calculate the area of squares, rectangles and triangles.

LI: To calculate the area of a parallelogram.

LI: To measure angles using a protractor accurately.

LI: To draw angles using a protractor accurately.

LI: To apply knowledge to number and worded problems.

LI: To calculate missing angles on a line and within a triangle.

LI: To calculate missing angles around a point and within a quadrilateral.

LI: To understand the equality in vertically opposite angles.

Geometry - shapes

LI: To draw shapes accurately using a ruler and a protractor.

LI: To recognise nets of 3D shapes and explain why they are successful or not. LI: To draw nets of 3D shapes to investigate their properties.

LI: To understand the relationship between the radius and the diameter of a circle.

Statistics

LI: To accurately read and interpret data on pictograms.
LI: To understand how to

interpret data on bar charts and solve problems using this data.

LI: To apply knowledge to number and worded problems.

LI: To accurately read data on a line graph and

Geometry

LI: To find missing angles on a straight line.

LI: To find missing angles in a triangle.

LI: To find missing angles around a point.

LI: To investigate the properties of 2D shapes.

LI: To investigate the properties of 3D shapes.

LI: To identify co-ordinates of points on a 4-quadrant grid.

Statistics

LI: To gather data and present in a tally chart.
LI: To create a bar chart using data from a tally chart.

LI: To calculate the mean of a given set of data.

LI: To find percentages of amounts (5%, 1% and all other %s).

LI: To order and compare fractions, decimals and percentages.

LI: To complete a number sequence and write the rule for the sequence.

LI: To calculate simple algebraic equations (e.g. 7k + a = and tell the children what k and a equals).

Measures

LI: To calculate the perimeter of compound shapes.

LI: To calculate the area of rectangles and triangles.

LI: To calculate the volume of a 3D shape.

LI: To convert metric measures.

LI: To solve measures problems.



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LI: To find equivalent	LI: To calculate the	LI: To use knowledge of	interpret the information to	
fractions using	perimeter of a shape and	area to solve worded	solve problems.	
multiplication facts.	solve problems.	problems.	LI: To apply knowledge of	
LI: To simplify fractions	LI: To calculate the area of	LI: To calculate the volume	data to a range of	
using common factors.	a rectangle.	of cubes.	problems.	
LI: To express two fractions	LI: To investigate finding	LI: To calculate the volume	LI: To read and interpret	
to have the same	the area of triangles.	of cuboids.	pie charts.	
denominator.	LI: To investigate finding	LI: To calculate	LI: To use percentages to	
LI: To compare and order	the area of parallelograms.	measurements using scale	understand data presented	
fractions.	LI: To solve shape	factor.	in pie charts.	
	problems using area.			
Maths in Year 6 is			Measures – time	
streamed. Set 1 move			LI: To read and draw the	
their focus quicker to			time accurately on	
deepening and applying			analogue clocks.	
skills. Set 2 work at a			LI: To convert between 12-	
slower pace to ensure			hour and 24-hour times and	
consolidation of key			solve simple problems.	
number strategies.			LI: To apply knowledge to	
			number and worded	
			problems.	
			LI: To read a timetable	
			accurately using 12- and	
			24-hour times and solve	
			problems.	
			LI: To calculate differences	

in time using a number line.